

Bill, Doug. 218—SOUTH PHOENIX BEACH ALL DEPT.—Ind. A-1941

Our Annual Opening Sale of Blankets and Comforters at Greatly Reduced Prices

A visit to our Blanket Department will doubly repay you. First you'll see a complete stock of choicest goods and then the savings are considerable during this sale.

We offer an all wool grey or plaid full size 11-4 blanket that would be cheap at \$4.00 in this sale, at, pair, \$3.29.

A better all wool plaid that we always sold as a leader at \$5.00 in this sale, at, pair, \$4.29. You should see these.

A beautiful new Cotton Plaid Blanket that is splendid value for \$2.50, in this sale at, pair, \$2.19.

We included all of our Cotton Blankets:
All of our Wool Blankets.
All of our Robe Blankets.

All of our Auto Blankets.
All of our Baby Blankets.
All of our Comforters.
In this special Reduction Sale.
West Basement.

Thompson Bedding Co.

Dec. 2-4-09.

and vice-president of the National Geographic Society.

"I am awfully glad that he has gotten to the North pole, whether he was the first, or not. He certainly worked hard enough to get there. Such a dispatch from Peary would signify only his own achievement, even if Cook was there first, whatever he left there would have been a great deal of work for him to do. He had the best chance of all of the men who have gone out in the effort to reach the North pole. He was fitted by long experience and by his well known high qualities."

Peary is personally very popular with the scientists in Washington, and a movement will be launched at once to give him a routing reception when he gets back to this country. Most of the scientific colony were out of the city today, and the Cosmos club, usually a mecca for that element, was almost deserted.

PEARY'S EFFORTS TO FIND POLE

Interested Travelers, with Determination to Accomplish Object.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Peary's friends have for several weeks past been expressing a belief that he had already reached his goal and that the news was delayed only by the difficulties of transmission.

The last word from Peary prior to his message today, was received October 7, 1908, from Harry Whitney, a wealthy resident of New Haven, Conn., who was left by the expedition at Etah, in charge of Peary's provisions. He said that the Roosevelt left Etah on August 15 on its northern journey. The last Peary expedition sailed from New York July 6, 1908.

Commander Peary's last words here were: "Unless unforeseen circumstances intervene within the next year, I hope to plant the stars and stripes at the pole."

From New York the Roosevelt went to Sydney, thence to Hawking Harbor, where she took on supplies, then crossed Davis strait to Holstenburg and followed the coast from there to Cape York. Etah was reached some time in August and from that point the route of the expedition can only be conjectured from the plans its commander had already announced.

Peary's idea was to reach the pole by the "American route," a way which he himself had studied and developed during his former expedition. The advantage of this route is that it allows a base of supplies approximately 100 miles nearer the goal than the Spitzbergen base, which has been its chief rival. The advantages of the route appeared by Peary's trip in 1906 when he attained the northernmost point—87 degrees, 5 minutes, at about the 19th meridian of west longitude. This was on April 21.

The commander on his present expedition hoped to follow the path taken three years ago, which lay in almost a straight line from Cape Moss and the supposed northernmost extremity of Grinnell Land to latitude 84 degrees and 26 minutes. At this point Peary had discovered what he afterwards concluded to be open polar sea. In 1908 his journey over the ice was delayed at this point for a week by an open lane of water two miles wide. When the ice finally allowed him to proceed heavy

ice sprang up, forcing him to abandon the greater part of his provisions. Comparatively smooth traveling he then found until he reached latitude 85 degrees, 12 minutes. There he encountered a terrific storm which held him prisoner while the ice drift carried him seventy miles to the east. These handicaps and the constantly widening lanes of water and increasing roughness of the ice, together with a threatened failure of supplies, forced Peary to turn back on April 21, when he had reached latitude 87 degrees, 5 minutes. After putting up flags and depositing a brief record of his achievement, Peary started back for Cape Morris Jessup.

On his present expedition Mr. Peary announced that he would take a route from Greenland more to the west and not so directly north as that of his former attempts, heading almost as far as the eightieth meridian of longitude, and thus compensating for the eastward ice drift. He planned to establish his last base on a newly found island northwest of Greenland. Peary based great hopes on the results to be obtained by following the Arctic currents which he had studied on his previous expedition. One of his theories was that the ice nearest the pole moved faster than further south. For this reason in going up to Baffin's bay he expected to have to work against the drift, but nearer the pole he believed that the drift would be in his favor.

Commander Peary has stood in the foremost ranks of Arctic explorers for nearly two decades. He was born at Cresson Springs, Pa., in May, 1856. He entered the navy in 1881. His first polar experience was acquired in 1886, when he made a reconnaissance of the Greenland inland ice. In June, 1891, he sailed from New York on the Klite, and making his headquarters at McCormick bay, on the west coast of Greenland, penetrated as far north as latitude 82. In 1894-95 he reached the seventy-eighth parallel on the West Greenland coast. In 1898-99 he went to between the seventy-ninth and eightieth parallels on the east coast of Ellsmere Land. In 1900 he reached the eighty-second parallel on the east coast of Grinnell Land. In 1906-08 he skirted the north coast of Grinnell Land and made an attack upon the pole from Cape Moss. This was the expedition which reached what was at that time "farthest north."

FIRST NOTE OF DOUBT HEARD

Cook-Peary Controversy Opens by Statement of Captain Osborn.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The Cook-Peary controversy opened here this afternoon with the first expression of disbelief in the report that the latter had reached the pole. The denial came from Captain Bradley S. Osborn, a veteran polar explorer, secretary of the Arctic club and one of Dr. Cook's most earnest supporters. "I am extremely doubtful that Commander Peary has reached the pole," he said. "I would much better confirmation than the words so far received. Mr. Peary must have encountered very smooth ice and water to have succeeded in such a short time. All news hitherto indicates that he made his dash for the pole in the summer of 1908."

I do not see how it would have been possible for him to have arrived and returned with the news so early."

COWLES PLEASANT AT OUTCOME

Rear Admiral Says Explorer Deserved His Success.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Rear Admiral W. S. Cowles, chief of the bureau of equipment of the navy expressed his delight over the Peary announcement. "It was my understanding," said Admiral Cowles, "that when he left here it was his hope to reach the pole about this time. Peary is a most deserving officer. He has pursued his purpose under adverse conditions and only a man of his energy and persistence could hope to win so great an undertaking."

Peary had an exceptionally fine equipment. Very much money was spent on his outfit and he has been able to take advantage of all of the mistakes and successes of his predecessors. It would be no great wonder at all if he has at last achieved what he set out to do. The only fear is that even if he has discovered the pole sufficient time has not elapsed in which to get the news to the outside world. I hope, however, it is true."

Admiral Cowles also said he believed that Dr. Cook discovered the pole last year. "At any rate," he said, "believe in the interest of fair play, adverse judgment should be suspended until it is demonstrated that he has not made the discovery he claims."

SOUTH AMHERST, MASS., SEPT. 6.—"I never had any doubt that Commander Peary would do just as your dispatch says he has done," said Herbert L. Bridgman, secretary and treasurer of the Peary Arctic club, when informed today that the explorer had reported that he had nailed the Stars and Stripes to the North pole.

Continuing, Mr. Bridgman said: "I do not think it is becoming in me to say more than that. I have always felt that Peary's own work will excuse me for any remarks. Coming at this particular time the news is very gratifying. This is the confirmation of my faith, and I am particularly pleased."

BALLINGER VISITS BEVERLY

(Continued from First Page.)

to fear from the closest scrutiny of the conduct of any of its officials. The president enjoyed a regular Labor Day holiday. He motored over to the Myopia club this morning and remained on the grounds until 4:30 this afternoon. He then returned to his cottage at Woodberry point and after a change of clothing started out with Mrs. Taft for the usual afternoon automobile spin.

In the golf game this morning, the president and Secretary Meyer of the navy, representing the government of the United States, were matched in a foursome against Governor Draper and Lieutenant Governor Frothingham, representing the state of Massachusetts. The government lost.

CADETS MUST BE FITTED

Five Midshipmen May Be Separated from Service Because of Natural Inaptitude.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—"Aptitude" as a characteristic of fitness for a naval career was made the subject of observation during the recent practice cruise of the naval cadets.

As a consequence, Captain Bowyer, the head of the Annapolis academy, acting on the reports of his subordinates, has found it necessary to report five midshipmen for separation from the service on account of inaptitude.

The adverse comment of the officers was, as usual, submitted to the midshipmen most vitally interested for such rejoinder. In the way of defense as they might care to make. The papers in the cases will be submitted to the Navy department for final action.

DEATH RECORD.

WILLIE EDWARDS, brother of Mrs. Clement Chase of Omaha, died Saturday in San Francisco following an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. Chase reached his bedside an hour before he died. Mr. Edwards, who lived in Omaha some years ago, was president of the Pacific Slope Securities company and was active as a yachtsman on the Pacific.

Mrs. F. L. Miller.

WAYNE, Neb., Sept. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Miller, aged 64 years, one of Wayne's most estimable women, died at her home in this city after a serious illness.

ness of long duration, surrounded by relatives and friends. Deceased was the wife of P. L. Miller, one of Wayne's prominent citizens, who for many years was engaged in the mercantile business here, but had retired from business. The funeral services were held at the late residence at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

COOK TALKS OF NEWS OF PEARY

(Continued from First Page.)

wife of the explorer, asking when she could come and see her husband's friend.

Two Gold Medals.

"If any evidence is needed to establish Denmark's valuation of Dr. Cook it can be found in the fact that he is to receive tomorrow the highest possible official tokens within its gift. The king is to confer on him the gold medal of merit with the crown, which only three other geographers, Nansen, Sven Hedin and Amundsen, are entitled to wear, and the Geographical society will bestow upon him its gold medal, which has been given to four other travelers only, Nansen, Captain Scott, Hedin and Sverdrup. The Geographical society of Denmark numbers among its members more experts in Arctic research than any other body in the world. That branch of geographic science is its specialty. Its decision to extend the honor to Dr. Cook, like the government's to give him an official welcome, was not formed without deliberation. The rector of the University of Copenhagen, who is one of the leading lights of society and a man of profound learning, interviewed Dr. Cook for an hour. He questioned the explorer minutely and on coming out of the lecture expressed one of his convictions of the truth of the explorer's statements.

Denmark is Convinced.

The longer Dr. Cook remains in Copenhagen and the more people see of him the more completely is his standing established. The correspondent of the Associated Press heard him cross-examined by competent questioners half a dozen times. His replies were so quick, coherent and detailed that if he is a romancer he is one of the greatest in history. The only time the explorer seemed display impatience was when speaking of one of his critics he said quickly: "He is an old man; then, he may apparently have forgotten that my expedition began about where his ended."

The demand for admission to Dr. Cook's lecture before the Geographical society tomorrow and a banquet afterwards has placed a high premium on the seats. The fortunate ones who secured tickets for the municipal banquet Saturday last received bids as high as \$200 for a single admission card. The geographical society banquet is limited to 150 persons and almost every one of position in Copenhagen is using his influence to the utmost to be included among the elect.

Souvenir Fill Shops.

Cook souvenirs fill the shop windows and all the local newspapers are featuring pictures showing the explorer before and after his session with the barbers and tailors on Saturday. All the members of the royal family requested autographed portraits, which Dr. Egan, the American minister took to them today.

The explorer was at lunch with the minister at the Bristol hotel, but their visit to spend a quiet hour together was frustrated because of the persistent approaches of autograph seekers, mostly English tourist ladies. One of the women insisted upon knowing exactly what Dr. Cook was eating, and she listed down the menu solemnly and carefully in a notebook.

On Thursday Dr. Cook and Mr. Egan will spend the day in the guests of the premier, Count Holsten Dederborg, at the historic castle at Roskilde, a few miles from the city. This evening Dr. Cook looked in for half an hour at a supper which the local newspaper men gave to the visiting correspondents.

HYMENEAL.

Love-Haynes. Miss Emma Haynes, daughter of C. Haynes, and Emory Lowe were married by Rev. Charles W. Seville at his residence Sunday at 2 p. m. They were attended by the groom's sister, Miss Elsie Lowe, and the bride's brother, Mr. Charles D. Haynes.

PRATT AWAY TO THE SUNNY SOUTH IN QUEST OF VENTURE

Automobile Man Will Explore Dixie Land During His Vacation Days.

L. L. Pratt of the Drummond Carriage company left last night on a two weeks' trip through the south. He expects to visit Jacksonville, Miami, St. Augustine and other points.

This is Pratt's first visit to the south, and he has been careful to obtain all the information possible from the southern contingent in Omaha, of the things to avoid there and of the things to be prepared to meet unflinchingly.

This data, which is not data at all, will keep his eye open no doubt and his finger on the trigger, until he has discovered that the south is not unlike the rest of this great country—that the snakes are few, the fierce colonel no longer exists and that the abused negro is the happiest man on earth.

BIG PROBLEMS FOR CUDAHY

Liquidation of Five Cents Debt to Field Club and New Business.

Block Confront Him. E. A. Cudahy returns to Omaha today from Mackinac, where, according to his custom, he and his family have been spending part of the summer.

Several important matters will engage his attention, including that 5 cents for which he was posted at the Field club. Also his new building at the corner of Seventeenth and Douglas streets. There he said to be not the least doubt of his intention to carry out his promise to build a modern building there, but if he were hesitant he would find encouragement in the fact that several store proprietors are ready and anxious to sign leases for ground floor stores in the building.

At Sorenson has paid up the 15 cents for which he, too, was posted at the Field club.

DANGER, CAFE IS NOW OPEN

This Signal of Warning Stands in Front of Restaurant on Sixteenth Street.

"Danger! Restaurant now open." This strangely reading sign confronts pedestrians on North Sixteenth street passing a certain hotel. At first glimpse visions of ptomaines rise, but on second thought one can understand what was the intention of the sign painter.

The advertisement is on a framework resting in an open coal hole on the sidewalk in front of the building and the painter after first giving the alarm found he had more space on the placard, so proceeded to add the restaurant notice.

Postoffice Clerks Meet.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6.—The fourth annual convention of the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks began here today. How to obtain a forty-eight-hour week of work will be discussed.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK..... Rotterdam.....
NEW YORK..... Liverpool.....
NEW YORK..... London.....
NEW YORK..... Hamburg.....
NEW YORK..... Bremen.....
NEW YORK..... Antwerp.....
NEW YORK..... Amsterdam.....
NEW YORK..... Copenhagen.....
NEW YORK..... Stockholm.....
NEW YORK..... Helsinki.....
NEW YORK..... Tallinn.....
NEW YORK..... Riga.....
NEW YORK..... Varna.....
NEW YORK..... Thessalonica.....
NEW YORK..... Athens.....
NEW YORK..... Naples.....
NEW YORK..... Genoa.....
NEW YORK..... Marseilles.....
NEW YORK..... Barcelona.....
NEW YORK..... Valencia.....
NEW YORK..... Lisbon.....
NEW YORK..... Oporto.....
NEW YORK..... Vigo.....
NEW YORK..... Bilbao.....
NEW YORK..... Santander.....
NEW YORK..... Gijon.....
NEW YORK..... Oviedo.....
NEW YORK..... Leon.....
NEW YORK..... Valladolid.....
NEW YORK..... Burgos.....
NEW YORK..... Salamanca.....
NEW YORK..... Zamora.....
NEW YORK..... Segovia.....
NEW YORK..... Avila.....
NEW YORK..... Madrid.....
NEW YORK..... Seville.....
NEW YORK..... Cordoba.....
NEW YORK..... Granada.....
NEW YORK..... Malaga.....
NEW YORK..... Cadiz.....
NEW YORK..... Huelva.....
NEW YORK..... Jerez.....
NEW YORK..... San Pedro de Macoris.....
NEW YORK..... Santo Domingo.....
NEW YORK..... Santiago de los Caballeros.....
NEW YORK..... San Juan.....
NEW YORK..... Pinar del Rio.....
NEW YORK..... Matanzas.....
NEW YORK..... Cienfuegos.....
NEW YORK..... Sagua la Grande.....
NEW YORK..... Sancti Spiritus.....
NEW YORK..... Camaguey.....
NEW YORK..... Manzanillo.....
NEW YORK..... Veracruz.....
NEW YORK..... Tampico.....
NEW YORK..... Minatitlan.....
NEW YORK..... Tuxtepec.....
NEW YORK..... Huixtla.....
NEW YORK..... Ocosingo.....
NEW YORK..... Tuxtla Gutierrez.....
NEW YORK..... San Cristobal de las Casas.....
NEW YORK..... Comitán.....
NEW YORK..... Tonala.....
NEW YORK..... Guadalajara.....
NEW YORK..... Toluca.....
NEW YORK..... Mexico City.....
NEW YORK..... Puebla.....
NEW YORK..... Tlaxcala.....
NEW YORK..... Oaxaca.....
NEW YORK..... Yucatan.....
NEW YORK..... Quintana Roo.....
NEW YORK..... Campeche.....
NEW YORK..... Yucatan.....
NEW YORK..... Quintana Roo.....
NEW YORK..... Campeche.....

SOILS ARE NOT WEARING OUT

Crop Yields Are Increasing Instead of Decreasing.

COMPARISON OF CONDITIONS

Bulletin Issued by Bureau of Soils Discusses at Length Production in United States and Europe.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Soils of the United States are not wearing out and the crop yields are rather increasing than decreasing. These facts are demonstrated in a bulletin shortly to be issued by the bureau of soils of the Agricultural department, prepared by Prof. Milton Whitney, chief of the bureau. The bulletin deals exhaustively with the yields of the crops from 1867 to 1906, inclusive.

"A careful study of the data which has been presented appears to justify two conclusions," says Prof. Whitney. "First, that the productivity of the newer agricultural soils of the United States and of the older agricultural soils of Europe, taken as a whole and for the nation, are not declining as is popularly supposed. Individual farming deteriorates and soils wear out, as they have always, but as a whole it seems probable that we are producing more crops per acre than formerly. This is undoubtedly due to many factors, to better and more intelligent cultivation, to more and better systems of rotation of crops and in later years to the intelligent use of fertilizers through measures of control in the hands of every individual farmer. In addition we must recognize the increase in farm animals and stock, the improvement in seed by selection and breeding and increased intensity in population, which is forcing attention to more intensive methods."

"Second, that so far as our information goes, there is apparently no significant difference at the present time between the composition of the old agricultural soils of Europe and the newer agricultural soils of the United States with respect to potash, phosphoric lime, etc."

Wheat in Other Countries.

The bulletin shows an increase in all cereal crops throughout the United States for the last three or four decades. The wheat yield per acre in Russia from 1883 to 1906, according to the bulletin, varied several bushels per acre. In the latter year it was 34 bushels.

In Ireland the yield of wheat per acre in 1884 was 25 bushels and in every year up to 1906 there was a constant increase, when it reached the yield of 34.8 bushels per acre.

In Great Britain the yield of wheat in 1884 was 30.9 bushels per acre and there was a slight variation of increase up to 1906, which brought the yield to 34.7.

The wheat yield of Germany was 18.2 bushels in 1884, with a gradual increase to 1906, bringing the yield then to 30.3 bushels. The bulletin gives the following averages by states for the production of wheat in bushels per acre from 1866 to 1907:

Vermont	18.8	California	12.9
Maine	16.5	Iowa	12.4
New York	13.7	Missouri	12.2
New Jersey	14.5	Texas	11.5
Michigan	14.5	West Virginia	10.6
Pennsylvania	14.5	Montana	10.6
Ohio	14.4	Virginia	9.1
Kansas	13.9	Arkansas	8.8
Wisconsin	13.7	Tennessee	8.2
Minnesota	13.6	Mississippi	8.1
Maryland	13.3	Alabama	7.6
Illinois	13.2	Georgia	6.9
Nebraska	13.2	North Carolina	6.9
Indiana	13.1	South Carolina	6.6
Delaware	13.1		

TO-NIGHT

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. ROME MILLER.

Hotel Rome

EUROPEAN. 10th and Jackson. Unexcelled For Its Beauty and Modern Appointments.

John Says:

"WANTED 50,000 'Eagles' to nest at this store next week, for my all HAVANA 10c Cigar at 6¢ is a 'bird' too."

Central Cigar Store

321 South 16th Street.

No Question as to the Superiority of CALUMET Baking Powder.

Received Highest Award World's Fair Exposition Chicago, 1907.

Paxton Hotel

Cafe and Grill. OPEN EVENINGS. Beginning September 6th, we will remain open from 6 A. M. to 12 P. M.

SANDWICHES

We have made a reputation on meaty, juicy, delicious Sandwiches. One is a Meal.

BOSTON LUNCH

ALWAYS OPEN. 1512 Farnam St. 1408 Douglas St.

Elite Cloak Co.

1517 FARNAM ST.

Scores of New Dresses

Suitable for Home, School, Street and Office Wear.

Beautiful new models of serge, English worsteds, seil and broadcloth; some strictly tailored, others slightly trimmed and still others elaborately embroidered. Dresses suitable for every occasion, and moderately priced, too.

Do You Own Your Own Home?

How often you have that question asked you, and how embarrassed you feel when you say no.

Why not be able to answer yes? Thursday's Bee will show you the way. In the real estate columns you will find many choice home bargains that can be bought with a small cash payment down and the balance like rent. Be your own landlord.

Thursday is Home Day

Our Strong Line

We make all we sell.

Omaha Trunk Factory

We also carry a fine line of leather goods. Doug. 1008-1809 Farnam St.—Ind. A-1008

AMUSEMENTS.

Boyd's Theater

TONIGHT AND WEDNESDAY CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS

BILLIE BURKE

In a Delightful New Comedy "LOVE WATCHES"

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY MATINEE

HENRY E. DIXEY

In the 14th Mile West Comedy "MARY JANE'S PA"

SEATS NOW SELLING

COMING NEXT SUNDAY THREE NIGHTS

"HONEYMOON TRAIL"

Orpheum

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE

Matinee every day, 2:15; every night, 8:15

Admission: 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c

Change of play and special feature every Sunday and Thursday. In preparation.

"The Devil"

AIR DOME

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Admission: 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c

Change of play and special feature every Sunday and Thursday. In preparation.

"The Devil"

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10c, 25c, 50c, 75c

"DAREDEVIL DAN"

THE GIRL FROM U. S. A.

BASE BALL

OMAHA vs DENVER

SEPT. 6, 6 AND 7

VINTON STREET PARK

Two Games Monday, September 6th.

First Game called 2 p. m.